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SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRFTCC

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Date issued 11.01.2023

Revision date 23.02.2023

1.1. Product identifier

Product name PRF TCC
Article no. PETCC52

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance / mixture Cleaning agent PC-CLN-OTH Other cleaning, care and maintenance products (excludes biocidal products)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name Taerosol Oy Postal address Hampuntie 21 Postcode 36220 City Kangasala Country Finland Telephone number +358 33565600 Website www.taerosol.com Enterprise No. 02847686

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Telephone number: 112 / Finnish Poison Information Center: 0800 147 111, 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Aerosol 1; H222,H229
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
[CLP / GHS] Skin Irrit. 2; H315

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STOT SE 3; H336

Repr. 2; H361

STOT RE 2; H373

Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Substance / mixture hazardous properties

Additional information on classification

May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms (CLP)









Composition on the label

Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C / 122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB See section 12.5 Health effect See section 11.2

SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| Substance | Identification | Classification | Contents | Notes |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------|-------|
| Hydrocarbons, C6, | REACH Reg. No.: | Flam. Liq. 2; H225 | < 70 % | |
| n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | 01-2119474209-33-XXXX | Skin Irrit. 2; H315 | | |
| cyclic, n-hexane-rich | | STOT SE 3; H336 | | |

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Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Repr. 2; H361

STOT RE 2; H373

Substance comments Aerosol propellants: Propane Butane Isobutane

Contains: aliphatic hydrocarbons ≥ 30 %

For the full text of the statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| General | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| Skin contact | Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Eye contact | Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General symptoms and effects

Skin irritation Drowsiness Dizziness Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

| Suitable extinguishing media | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. |
|------------------------------|---|
| Improper extinguishing media | Water spray |

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Fire and explosion hazards | May explode if heated Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Hazardous combustion products | Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbon monoxide (CO) |

5.3. Advice for firefighters

| Personal protective equipment | In accordance with the requirements of EN 469, firefighter's clothing with a |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | helmet, protective boots and gloves provides a basic level of protection against |

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| | chemical accidents. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. See section 8.2 |
|--------------------------|---|
| Fire fighting procedures | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| General measures | Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate area. |
|--------------------------|---|
| For emergency responders | Use personal protective equipment. See section 8.2 |

6.2. Environmental precautions

| Environmental precautionary | Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Avoid release |
|-----------------------------|--|
| measures | to the environment. Collect spillage. |

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Containm | ent | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Pay attention to the spreading of gases especially at ground level (heavier than air) and to the direction of the wind. |
|----------|-----|---|
| Clean up | | Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Non-sparking tools should be used. |

6.4. Reference to other sections

| Other instructions | See section 7, 8, 13 |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| | |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

| Handling | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands and skin thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe vapours/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. |
|----------|--|
| | |

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Storage | Remove all sources of ignition. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C /122 °F. Keep away from food, drink and |
|---------|--|
| | animal feedingstuffs. Keep only in original container. Store in a well-ventilated |

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place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) None known.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| Substance | Identification | Exposure limits | TWA Year |
|--|----------------|--|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, | | Country of origin: FI Limit value (8 h): 100 mg/ | |
| n-hexane-rich | | m ³ Recommended monitoring procedures: This | |
| | | information is not available. Source: Decree of the | |
| | | Ministry of Social Affairs and Health on | |
| | | concentrations known to be harmful (654/2020) | |

DNEL / PNEC

| Substance | Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich |
|-----------|---|
| DNEL | Group: Professional Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic) Value: 93 mg/m³ |
| | Group: Professional Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic) Value: 13 mg/kg bw/day |
| | Group: Consumer Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic) Value: 20 mg/m³ |
| | Group: Consumer Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic) Value: 7 mg/kg bw/day |
| | Group: Consumer Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic) |

8.2. Exposure controls

Precautionary measures to prevent exposure

Appropriate engineering controls See section 7.1, 7.2

Eye / face protection

Eye protection equipment Description: Usual safety precautions while handling the product will provide

Value: 6 mg/kg bw/day

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> adequate protection against this potential effect. Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 4007:2018

SFS-EN ISO 16321-1:2022 SFS-EN ISO 18526-1:2020 SFS-EN ISO 16321-3:2022 SFS-EN ISO 16321-2:2021 SFS-EN ISO 18526-3:2020 SFS-EN ISO 18526-2:2020 SFS-EN ISO 18526-4:2020

SFS-EN ISO 19734:2021 SFS-EN 13911:2017

SFS-EN 16473

SFS-EN 167 SFS-EN 168

SFS-EN 443

Hand protection

Breakthrough time

Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use. Take note of the information given by the producer concerning permeability and break through times, and of special workplace conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact). Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Thickness of glove material

Comments: As the product is a mixture of several substances, the durability of the glove materials cannot be calculated in advance and has to be tested before use.

Hand protection equipment

Description: Protective gloves Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 374-1:2017

SFS-EN ISO 374-5:2017

SFS-EN 511 SFS-EN 659 + A1 SFS-EN 1082-1 SFS-EN 1082-2 SFS-EN 1082-3 SFS-EN 14325:2018 SFS-EN 16350

Skin protection

Recommended protective clothing

Description: Protective clothing Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. It is good practice in industrial hygiene to avoid contact with solvents by using appropriate protective measures whenever possible.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN 863

SFS-EN 1149-2 SFS-EN 1149-3 PRF TCC - Version 2 Page 7 of 15

SFS-EN 13034 + A1
SFS-EN 16689:2017
SFS-EN ISO 6530
CEN ISO/TR 11610
SFS-EN ISO 11612
SFS-EN ISO 13688
SFS-EN ISO 13982-1
SFS-EN ISO 13982-2
SFS-EN ISO 13995
SFS-EN ISO 13997
SFS-EN ISO 14116
SFS-EN 15090
CEN ISO/TR 18690

Respiratory protection

Recommended respiratory protection

Description: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Use respirator when performing operations involving potential exposure to vapour of the product. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Reference to relevant standard: SFS-EN ISO 16972:2020

SFS-EN 13274-1

SFS-EN 148-1:2019

SFS-EN 144-1:2018

SFS-EN 14593-1:2018

SFS-EN 1146

SFS-EN 12021

SFS-EN 12083 + AC

SFS-EN 12941 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 12942 + A1 + A2

SFS-EN 13274-2:2019

SFS-EN 13274-4:2020

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-6

SFS-EN 13274-3

SFS-EN 13274-8

SFS-EN 13274-5

SFS-EN 13274-7:2019

SFS-EN 134

SFS-EN 135

SFS-EN 136 + AC

SFS-EN 137

SFS-EN 13794

SFS-EN 138

SFS-EN 140 + AC

SFS-EN 142

SFS-EN 143:2021

SFS-EN 14387:2021

SFS-EN 144-3 + AC

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SFS-EN 144-2:2018 SFS-EN 14435 SFS-EN 145/A1 SFS-EN 145 SFS-EN 14529 SFS-EN 14594:2018 SFS-EN 148-2 SFS-EN 148-3 SFS-EN 149 + A1 SFS-EN 15333-2 SFS-EN 1825-2 SFS-EN 1827 + A1 SFS-EN 250 SFS-EN 269 SFS-EN 402 SFS-EN 403 **SFS-EN 404** SFS-EN 405 + A1 SFS-EN 529

Thermal hazards

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

Appropriate environmental exposure control

Environmental exposure controls See section 6.2

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Aerosol dispenser: spray aerosol |
|--|
| clear |
| hydrocarbon-like |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Comments: This information is not available. |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Reason for waiving data: Not applicable |
| Not applicable. |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Reason for waiving data: No data. |
| Reason for waiving data: Not applicable |
| Reason for waiving data: Not applicable |
| |

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Relative density Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Density Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Solubility Comments: This information is not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Reason for waiving data: No data.

Auto-ignition temperature Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

Viscosity Type: Kinematic

Reason for waiving data: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties

This information is not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity See section 5.2

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions See section 5.2

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid See section 7.1, 7.2

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid See section 7.1, 7.2

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

See section 5.2

products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Acute toxicity Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Oral Method: OECD 401

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Value: 16750 mg/kg Animal test species: Rat

Effect tested: LD50

Route of exposure: Dermal

Method: OECD 402 Value: 3350 mg/kg

Animal test species: Rabbit

Effect tested: LC50

Route of exposure: Inhalation.

Method: OECD 403 Duration: 4 hour(s) Value: 259000 mg/l Animal test species: Rat

Other information regarding health hazards

| Assessment of acute toxicity, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|--|--|
| Assessment of skin corrosion / irritation, classification | Irritating to skin. |
| Assessment of eye damage or irritation, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Assessment of respiratory sensitisation, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Assessment of skin sensitisation, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Assessment of carcinogenicity, classification | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Assessment of reproductive toxicity, classification | Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. |
| Assessment of specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, classification | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Assessment of specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, classification | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Assessment of aspiration hazard, classification | Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage. |

Symptoms of exposure

| In case of ingestion | See section 4.2 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| In case of skin contact | See section 4.2 |
| In case of inhalation | See section 4.2 |
| In case of eye contact | See section 4.2 |

11.2 Other information

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Endocrine disruption

This information is not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich Aquatic toxicity, fish Toxicity type: Acute Value: 13,4 mg/l Effect dose concentration: LL50 Test duration: 96 hour(s) Method: QSAR Toxicity type: Chronic Value: 2,99 mg/l Effect dose concentration: NOELR Test duration: 28 day(s) Species: Early-life Stage Method: QSAR Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Aquatic toxicity, algae Toxicity type: Acute

Value: 9,9 mg/l

Effect dose concentration: EL50
Test duration: 72 hour(s)

Method: QSAR

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Method: OECD 301F
Comments: Rapidly biodegradable.

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Abiotic degradation in air Evaluation: May decompose on exposure to light.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation, evaluation This information is not available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Value: 18 - 20 mN/m

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Water / air volatility rate Comments: Volatile.

Substance Hydrocarbons, C6, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, n-hexane-rich

Soil / air volatility rate Comments: Volatile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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Results of PBT and vPvB

This information is not available.

assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties This information is not available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information This information is not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Appropriate methods of disposal for the chemical | Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions of the person responsible for waste disposal. Avoid putting the substance into waste water. |
|--|--|
| Appropriate methods of disposal for the contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
| EU Regulations | Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste and repealing certain Directives |

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

| ADR/RID/ADN | 1950 |
|-------------|------|
| IMDG | 1950 |
| ICAO/IATA | 1950 |

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| Proper shipping name English ADR/RID/ADN | AEROSOLS |
|---|---------------------|
| ADR/RID/ADN | AEROSOLS |
| IMDG | AEROSOLS |
| ICAO/IATA | AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE |

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

| ADR/RID/ADN | 2.1 |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| Classification code ADR/RID/ADN | 5F |

14.4. Packing group

| Comments - |
|------------|
|------------|

14.5. Environmental hazards

| Comments | Yes |
|----------|-----|
|----------|-----|

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14.6. Special precautions for user

Special safety precautions for user
This information is not available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

| AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE |
|---------------------|
| , |

Additional information

| Hazard label ADR/RID/ADN | 2.1 |
|--------------------------|-----|
| Hazard label IMDG | 2.1 |
| Hazard label ICAO/IATA | 2.1 |

ADR/RID Other information

| Tunnel restriction code | D |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Limited quantity | 1 L |
| Excepted quantity | E0 |
| Special provisions | 190 327 344 625 |
| Transport category | 2 |

ADN Other information

| Special provisions | 190 327 344 625 |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Limited quantity | 1 L |
| Excepted quantity | E0 |

IMDG Other information

| EmS | F-D, S-U |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| Limited quantity | 1000 mL |
| Excepted quantity | E0 |
| Special provisions | 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959 |

ICAO/IATA Other information

| Limited quantity | 30 kg |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Excepted quantity | E0 |
| Special provisions | A145 A165 A802 |
| Additional information ICAO/IATA | Cargo: max. 150 kg (203), Pas.: max. 75 kg (203) |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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Legislation and regulations

Council Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on detergents The rules which cover amongst other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National Occupational Health and Safety Board.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment performed

No

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CLP classification, notes

Calculation method.

Bridging principle "Aerosols"

Training advice

Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators. Take notice of the directions of use on the label. To avoid risks to man and the environment,

comply with the instructions for use.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Information taken from reference works and the literature.

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu

http://echa-term.echa.europa.eu Ingredient Safety Data Sheets

Abbreviations and acronyms used

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DMEL = derived minimal effect level DNEL = derived no-effect level

EC50 = The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the

maximum response.

ECHA = European Chemicals Agency

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EEA = European Economic Area

EU = European Union

EC number = The three European lists of substances from the previous EU chemicals regulatory framework, EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list, in

combination are called the EC Inventory. The EC Inventory is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within

the European Union.

GHS = Global Harmonised System

SDS = safety data sheet

LC50 = median lethal concentration

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| | LDx = lethal dose x% LOAEC = lowest observed adverse effect concentration LOAEL = lowest observed adverse effect level LOEC = lowest observed effect concentration LOEL = lowest observed effect level NOAEC = no observed adverse effect concentration NOAEL = no observed adverse effect level NOEC = no observed effect concentration NOEL = no observed effect level PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC = predicted no-effect concentration ppm = parts per million QSAR = quantitative structure-activity relationship REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals STOT = specific target organ toxicity UFI = unique formula identifier vPvB = very persistent and very bioaccumulative |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Information added, deleted or revised | Relevant changes compared to the previous version of the safety data sheet are indicated with verticle lines in the left margin. |
| Version | 2 |